

	ON 1 IDENTIFICATION OF TH	HE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE	AND OF	THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING	G		
1.1 Pro	oduct Identifier						
Pro	oduct name	Transformer oil POWEROIL TO	D 20 BS				
Pro	oduct description	Insulating oil					
Pro	oduct type	Liquid					
MA	ARPOL Annex- I	Oils					
1.2 Re	levant identified uses of the su	bstance or mixture and uses	advised ag	ainst			
Ide	entified uses						
U	ormulation and (re)packing of substan se in functional fluids - Industrial se in functional fluids - Professional	ces and mixtures - Industrial					
	etails of the supplier of the safe	tv data sheet					
	pplier/Manufacturer	APAR Industries Limited					
our		18 T.T.C., M.I.D.C. Industrial Are +91 22 61110444 (Office hours		apur Road , Rabale, Navi Mumbai – 40070 .00pm)	01. India.		
		www.apar.com					
	nail address of person	hse@apar.com					
	ponsible for this SDS	+91 9833811132					
1.4 Em	nergency telephone number	+91 9033011132					
SECTIO	ON 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFIC	ATION					
2.1 Cla	ssification of the substance or	mixture					
Product of	definition Mixture						
<u>Classifica</u>	ation according to Regulation (EC) No	. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]					
Asp. Tox	. 1, H304						
The prod	duct is classified as hazardous accordi	ng to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 a	as amended.				
See Sect	tion 16 for the full text of the H stateme	ents declared above.					
2.2 La	bel elements						
Ha	zard pictograms	$\wedge$					
	1 0						
		· · ·					
Signal wo	ord	Danger					
Hazard s	statements	H 304 : May be fatal if swallowe	d and enters a	airways.			
Precautic	onary statements	N					
Preve	ention	Not applicable					
Respo	onse		JWED: Imme	diately call a POISON CENTER or physician	. Do NOT induce		
Stora	ge	vomiting.					
Dispo	osal	Not applicable					
		•	itainer in acc	ordance with all local, regional, national	and international		
Annex X	VII - Restrictions on the manufacture,	regulations.					
placing c	on the market and use of certain	N					
dangerou	us substances, mixtures and articles	Not applicable					
-	ther hazards						
2.3 UI							
	ce meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	providing to Degulation (EC)					
Substanc	ce meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB g to Regulation (EC)	This mixture doce not contain any	aubatanana 4	at are accorded to be a DPT as a UDUD			
Substanc accordin		This mixture does not contain any	substances th	nat are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.			
Substanc accordin No.1907	g to Regulation (EC)	,					
Substanc accordin No.1907 Other ha classifica	g to Regulation (EC) 7/2006, Annex XIII ızards which do not result in ation	, Prolonged or repeated contact m	ay dry skin an				
Substance according No.1907 Other ha classifica	g to Regulation (EC) 7/2006, Annex XIII Izards which do not result in Ition ON 3 COMPOSTION/ INFOR	Prolonged or repeated contact m	ay dry skin an				
Substanc accordin No.1907 Other ha classifica	g to Regulation (EC) 7/2006, Annex XIII Izards which do not result in Ition ON 3 COMPOSTION/ INFOR	, Prolonged or repeated contact m	ay dry skin an				





### APAR Industries Limited Re

Safety Data Sheet Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878.

ĺ	Distillate (petroleum), Severely hydrotreated	EC: 265-156-7	60 - 80	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1][2]
	light Paraffinic Oil.	CAS: 64742-55-8			
	Distillate (petroleum), Severely hydrotreated	EC: 265-157-1	20 - 40	Not classified	-
	heavy paraffinic Oil.	CAS: 64742-54-7			

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] Annex VI Nota L applies to the base oil(s) in this product. Nota L – The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 3 % DMSO extract as measured by IP 346.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

#### SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritation, blurred vision or swelling occurs and persists, obtain medical advice from a specialist.
Inhalation	If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If casualty is unconscious and: If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Maintain an open airway.
Skin contact	Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Handle with care and dispose of in a safe manner. Seek medical attention if skin irritation, swelling or redness develops and persists. Accidental high pressure injection through the skin requires immediate medical attention. Do not wait for symptoms to develop.
Ingestion	Always assume that aspiration has occurred. Do not induce vomiting. Can enter lungs and cause damage. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Seek professional medical attention or send the casualty to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
Protection of first-aiders	Before attempting to rescue casualties, isolate area from all potential sources of ignition including disconnecting electrical supply. Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe, breathable atmosphere is present before entry into confined spaces.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact	Eye contact may cause redness and transient pain. Slight Irritation			
Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.				
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards. Irritation, Dryness, cracking			
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Adverse symptoms may include the following:			
	Nausea or vomiting. diarrhea			
4.3 Indication of any immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed			
Notes to physician Due to low viscosity there is a risk of aspiration if the product enters the lungs. Treat symptomatically.				
Specific treatments Always assume that aspiration has occurred.				
SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES				
5.1 Extinguishing media	Dry chemicals. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ). Water spray or foam.			
Suitable extinguishing media	Do not use direct water jets on the burning product; they could cause splattering and spread the fire.			
Unsuitable extinguishing media Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.				
5.2 Special hazards arising from the	substance or mixture			
Hazards from the substance	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.			
or mixture	This substance will float and can be reignited on surface water.			
Hazardous thermal	Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates,			
decomposition products	gases, including carbon monoxide, H2S, SOx (sulfur oxides) or sulfuric acid and unidentified organic and			
	inorganic compounds.			

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters



Special precautions for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Safety Data Sheet Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878.

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures For non-emergency personnel Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and

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	personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with the product. Stay upwind/keep distance from source. In case of large
	spillages, alert occupants in downwind areas. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Spillages of limited amounts of product, especially in the open air when vapours will be usually quickly dispersed ,are dynamic situations, which will presumably limit the
	exposure to dangerous concentrations.
	Note : recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for
	this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave/current
	direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions.
For emergency responders	For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken.
	Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate.
	Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and thermal resistant material should be used. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons.
	Note : gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. Safety helmet, antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated.
	Respiratory protection : A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (and when applicable for H2S) a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.
6.2 Environmental precautions	Prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water. If necessary dike the product with dry earth, sand or similar non-combustible materials. In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil and treat in accordance with local regulations.
	In case of small spillages in closed waters (i.e. ports), contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents.
	If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other mechanical means. If this is not possible, control the spreading of the spillage, and collect the product by skimming or other suitable mechanical means. The use of dispersants should be advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.
6.3 Methods and material for contain	
and cleaning up	
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Absorb spilled product with suitable non-combustible materials.
Large spill	Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit vapour cloud formation. Do not use water jet. When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation. Transfer collected product and other contaminated materials to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal.
6.4 Reference to other sections	See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

	See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.
SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STO	RAGE
7.1 Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	Do not ingest. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Prevent the risk of slipping. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid splash filling of bulk volumes when handling hot liquid products. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene Storage	Ensure that proper housekeeping measures are in place. Contaminated materials should not be allowed to accumulate in the workplaces and should never be kept inside pockets. Eating, drinking and smoking should

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.



be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant regional, national, or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bonds in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection, and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations. Store separately from oxidising agents.

Recommended materials for containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel. Not suitable: Some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer.

Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Empty containers may contain harmful, flammable/combustible, or explosive residue or vapours. Do not cut, grind, drill, weld, reuse or dispose of containers unless adequate precautions are taken against these hazards. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Not available

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

Industrial sector specific solutions

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Not available

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Product/Ingredient name	Exposure limits values			
Distillate (petroleum), hydrotreated light para	ffinic Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,9/2021). [old used mineral oil]			
	Absorbed through skin.			
	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,9/2021). [oil mist, incl. oil fumes]			
	TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: mist and fume			
	STEL: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume			
Oil mist	[Air contaminant]			
	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,9/2021). [oil mist, incl. oil fumes]			
	TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: mist and fume			
	STEL: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume			
	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden 9/2021). [old used mineral oil]			
	Absorbed through skin.			
Recommended monitoring procedures	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological			
	monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or			
	the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards,			
	such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment			
	of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy)			
	European Standard EN 14042 (Workplaceatmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for			
	the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace			
	atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical			
	agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances			
	will also be required.			
8.2 Exposure Control	Mechanical ventilation and local exhaust will reduce exposure via the air. Use oil resistant material in			
Appropriate engineering Controls	construction of handling equipment. Store under recommended conditions and if heated, temperature control			
	equipment should be used to avoid overheating.			
Individual protection measures				
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products,			
	before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash			
Eye/face protection	stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.			
Skin protection	Recommended: Safety glasses with side shields.			
Hand protection	4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber			
Body protection	Wear protective clothing if there is a risk of skin contact. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift.			
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being			
· · P	performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.			



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Respiratory protection

Environmental exposure controls

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the

requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid
Color	Colurlees to Light yellow
Odor	Odorless
Odour threshold	Not available
рН	Not applicable
Melting point/Pour point	< -30°C (ASTM D-97)
Flash point	> 140°C Open Cup (ASTM D 92)
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available
Flammability limits in air,	Not available
lower, % by volume	
Flammability limits in air,	Not available
upper, % by volume	
Vapour pressure	Not available
Density	0.825 to 0.845 max at 15°C
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Insoluble in water
Partition coefficient	Not available
(n-octanol/water)	
Decomposition temperature	No Data
Auto-ignition temperature	> 250°C
Viscosity, Kinematic at 40°C (104°F)	$0.08 \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$ to $0.11 \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$ (8.00 to 11.00 cSt)
Explosive properties	No Data
Oxidising properties	No Data
DMSO extractable compounds for base oil	< 3%
substance(s) according to IP346	

# SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY 10.1 Reactivity No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. 10.2 Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions 10.3 Possibility of hazardous Reactions Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. 10.4 Conditions to avoid Oxidising agent. 10.5 Incompatible materials Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents. 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, H2S, SOX (sulfur oxides) or sulfuric acid and unidentified organic and

#### inorganic compounds. SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillate (petroleum),hydrotreated light	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.53 mg/l	4 hours
paraffinic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Distillate (petroleum), hydrotreated Heavy	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	> 2.18 mg/l	4 hours
paraffinic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15000 mg/kg	-
Irritation/Corrosion		·	·	•
Skin	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Eye	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Respiratory	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			



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Sensitisation	
Skin	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Respiratory	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INI	
Carcinogenicity	The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate. The product should not be
	regarded as a carcinogen.
Reproductive toxicity	Contains no ingredient listed as toxic to reproduction.
Specific target organ toxicity	Not classified
- single exposure	
Specific target organ toxicity	Not classified
- repeated exposure	
Aspiration hazard	Aspiration hazard - Category 1
Information on likely routes of exposure	Not available.
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	Eye contact may cause redness and transient pain.
Inhalation	Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Potential chronic health effects	May be falar it swallowed and efficies all ways.
General	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	5
Carcinogenicity	The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate. The product should not be
	regarded as a carcinogen.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Product/ingredient name	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	Not available.
Specific hazard	
Endocrine disrupting properties	Not listed
SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFOR	
12.1 Toxicity	Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.
<ul><li>12.2 Persistence and degradability</li><li>12.3 Bioaccumulative potential</li></ul>	Inherently biodegradable. Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water solubility of this product.
12.4 Mobility in soil	Not considered mobile.
12.5 Results of PBT & vPvB Assessment	Not applicable.
12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties	Not listed
12.6 Other adverse effects	Insoluble in water. Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms.
	Oxygen transfer could also be impaired.
SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDE	RATIONS
-	ic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be
consulted for any available use-specific inform	
13.1 Waste treatment methods	Where possible (e.g. in the absence of relevant contamination), recycling of used substance is feasible and
Product Methoda of diaposal	recommended. This substance can be burned or incinerated, subject to national/local authorizations, relevant contamination limits, safety regulations and air quality legislation. Contaminated or waste substance (not
Methods of disposal	directly recyclable): Disposal can be carried out directly, or by delivery to qualified waste handlers. National
	legislation may identify a specific organization, and/or prescribe composition limits and methods for recovery
	or disposal.
Hazardous waste	Yes
SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDE	RATIONS
European waste catalogue (EWC)	
Waste code	Waste designation
waste code	( dele deelg. dele



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Packaging

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

#### SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International	transport	regulations
		-

	ADR/ RID	ADN	IMO/IMDG Classification	ICAO/IATA Classification
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No	No	No	No
Additional information	-	-	-	-

14.6 Special precautions for User **Transport within the user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that the persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Oils

Annex I of MARPOL 73/78 and the

#### IBC Code

**SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION** 

15.1 Safety, health and environmenta	l regulations/legislation	specific for the substance or mixture		
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization				
Annex XIV		None of the components are listed.		
Substances of very high concern		None of the components are listed.		
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and		Not applicable.		
use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures	and articles			
Other EU regulations				
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air		Not listed		
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) -Water		Not listed		
Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)		Not listed		
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)		Not listed		
Persistent Organic Pollutants		Not listed		
Seveso Directive		This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.		
National regulations				
International regulations				
Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals		Not listed		
Montreal Protocol		Not listed		
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutant		Not listed		
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)		Not listed		
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals		Not listed		
National Inventory	Inventory name		On inventory (yes/no)*	
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)		Yes	
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)		Yes	
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)		No	
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)		Yes	
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)		Yes	
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)		No	
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)		Yes	
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)		Yes	
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory		Yes	
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)		Yes	
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control A	ct (TSCA) Inventory	Yes	





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\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

<b>SECTION 16 OTHER INFOR</b>	MATION	
Revision comments	Not available.	
Legend to abbreviations		
ADR	European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road.	
RID	Regulations agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by rail.	
IMDG – CODE	International maritime dangerous goods code.	
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization.	
IATA	International air transport association.	
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.	
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008].	
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus.	
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC)	
	No. 1907/2006].	
LC 50	Median lethal concentration.	
LD 50	Median lethal dose.	
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic.	
Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]		
Classification	Justification	
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Calculation method	

Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Calculation method	
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	1 <sup>st</sup> January 2024	
Date of previous issue	1 <sup>st</sup> October 2020.	
Version	10	
Disclaimor		

<u>Disclaimer</u>

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