

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF T	HE SUBSTANCE / MIXTUR	E AND OF	THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING	G
1.1 Product Identifier				
Product name	Transformer oil POWEROIL T	O 335 HX		
Product description	Insulating oil			
Product type	Liquid			
MARPOL Annex- I	Oils			
1.2 Relevant identified uses of the su	bstance or mixture and uses	advised ag	ainst	
Identified uses				
Formulation and (re)packing of substan Use in functional fluids - Industrial Use in functional fluids - Professional	ces and mixtures - Industrial			
1.3 Details of the supplier of the safe	the data shaat			
Supplier/Manufacturer	APAR Industries Limited			
Supplier/Manufacturer	18 T.T.C., M.I.D.C. Industrial Ar +91 22 61110444 (Office hours		lapur Road , Rabale, Navi Mumbai – 40070 .00pm)	01. India.
	www.apar.com			
e- mail address of person responsible for this SDS	hse@apar.com			
1.4 Emergency telephone number	+91 9833811132			
1.4 Emergency lelephone number	1717000011102			
SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFIC	ATION			
2.1 Classification of the substance or	mixture			
Product definition Mixture				
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No	b. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]			
Asp. Tox. 1, H304				
The product is classified as hazardous accordi	ng to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008	as amended.		
See Section 16 for the full text of the H stateme	ents declared above.			
2.2 Label elements				
Hazard pictograms				
Signal word	Danger			
Hazard statements	H 304 : May be fatal if swallowe	d and enters	airways.	
Precautionary statements				
Prevention	Not applicable			
Response	P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALL	OWED: Imme	diately call a POISON CENTER or physician	. Do NOT induce
Storage	vomiting.			
Disposal	Not applicable			
	•	ntainer in acc	ordance with all local, regional, national	and international
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture,	regulations.			
placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	Not applicable			
2.3 Other hazards				
Substance meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB				
according to Regulation (EC)	This mission data and the state	ار		
No.1907/2006, Annex XIII	inis mixture does not contain any	substances fi	nat are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.	
Other hazards which do not result in	Prolonged or repeated contact m	av dry skin ar	d cause irritation	
classification		ay ary skill di		
SECTION 3 COMPOSTION/ INFOR	RMATION ON INGREDIEN	TS		
3.2 Mixtures	Mixture			
Product/Ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре



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Distillate (petroleum), Severely hydrotreated	EC: 265-156-7	60 - 80	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1][2]
light Paraffinic Oil.	CAS: 64742-55-8			
Distillate (petroleum), Severely hydrotreated	EC: 265-157-1	20 – 40	Not classified	-
heavy paraffinic Oil.	CAS: 64742-54-7			
2,6 –Di-tert-Butyl-P-Cresol	EC : 204-881-4	< 0.38	Aquatic Acute 1, H400	[1]
	CAS: 128-37-0		Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	

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Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] Annex VI Nota L applies to the base oil(s) in this product. Nota L – The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 3 % DMSO extract as measured by IP 346.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritation, blurred vision or swelling occurs and persists, obtain medical advice from a specialist.
	If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If
Inhalation	casualty is unconscious and: If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide
	artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or
	are severe. Maintain an open airway.
	Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Handle with care and dispose of in a
Skin contact	safe manner. Seek medical attention if skin irritation, swelling or redness develops and persists.
	Accidental high pressure injection through the skin requires immediate medical attention. Do not wait for symptoms to develop.
	Always assume that aspiration has occurred. Do not induce vomiting. Can enter lungs and cause damage. If
Ingestion	vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Seek professional medical attention or send the casualty to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop.
ingestion	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get
	medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the
	person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
	Before attempting to rescue casualties, isolate area from all potential sources of ignition including
Protection of first-aiders	disconnecting electrical supply. Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe, breathable atmosphere is present before entry into confined spaces.
4.2 Most important symptoms and effe	ects, both acute and delayed
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	Eye contact may cause redness and transient pain. Slight Irritation
Inhalation	Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards. Irritation, Dryness, cracking
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	Nausea or vomiting. diarrhea
4.3 Indication of any immediate media	cal attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	Due to low viscosity there is a risk of aspiration if the product enters the lungs. Treat symptomatically.
Specific treatments	Always assume that aspiration has occurred.
SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASU	IRES
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Dry chemicals. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Water spray or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use direct water jets on the burning product; they could cause splattering and spread the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.
5.2 Special hazards arising from the s	ubstance or mixture
Hazards from the substance	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
or mixture	This substance will float and can be reignited on surface water.
Hazardous thermal	



decomposition products

5.3 Advice for firefighters Special precautions for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates,

gases, including carbon monoxide, H2S, SOx (sulfur oxides) or sulfuric acid and unidentified organic and

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures For non-emergency personnel Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with the product. Stay upwind/keep distance from source. In case of large spillages, alert occupants in downwind areas. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Spillages of limited amounts of product, especially in the open air when vapours will be usually quickly dispersed ,are dynamic situations, which will presumably limit the exposure to dangerous concentrations. Note : recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions. For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken For emergency responders Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and thermal resistant material should be used. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Note : gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. Safety helmet, antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory protection : A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (and when applicable for H2S) a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used. **6.2** Environmental precautions Prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water. If necessary dike the product with dry earth, sand or similar non-combustible materials. In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil and treat in accordance with local regulations. In case of small spillages in closed waters (i.e. ports), contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents. If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other mechanical means. If this is not possible, control the spreading of the spillage, and collect the product by skimming or other suitable mechanical means. The use of dispersants should be advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities. 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up Small spill Stop leak if without risk. Absorb spilled product with suitable non-combustible materials. Large spill Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit vapour cloud formation. Do not use water jet. When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation. Transfer collected product and other contaminated materials to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal. 6.4 Reference to other sections See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information. **SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE** 7.1 Precautions for safe handling **Protective measures** Do not ingest. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Prevent the risk of slipping. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid

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inorganic compounds.



any incompatibilities



splash filling of bulk volumes when handling hot liquid products. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Storage

Ensure that proper housekeeping measures are in place. Contaminated materials should not be allowed to accumulate in the workplaces and should never be kept inside pockets. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working shift. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant regional, national, or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bonds in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection, and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations. Store separately from oxidising agents.

> Recommended materials for containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel. Not suitable: Some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer.

> Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Empty containers may contain harmful, flammable/combustible, or explosive residue or vapours. Do not cut, grind, drill, weld, reuse or dispose of containers unless adequate precautions are taken against these hazards. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Not available

Recommendations Industrial sector specific solutions

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Not available

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Occupational exposure limits

Product/Ingredient name		Exposure limits values	
Distillate (petroleum), hydrotreated light par	affinic	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,9/2021). [old used mineral oil]	
		Absorbed through skin.	
		Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,9/2021). [oil mist, incl. oil fumes]	
		TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume	
		STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume	
Oil mist		[Air contaminant]	
		Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,9/2021). [oil mist, incl. oil fumes]	
		TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: mist and fume	
		STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume	
		Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden 9/2021). [old used mineral oil]	
		Absorbed through skin.	
Recommended monitoring procedures	If this produc	t contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological	
	monitoring ma	y be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or	
	the necessity t	o use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards,	
	such as the fo	lowing: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment	
	of exposure b	y inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy)	
	European Star	dard EN 14042 (Workplaceatmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for	
		t of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace	
		General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical	
	agents) Refere	nce to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances	
	will also be re	quired.	
8.2 Exposure Control	Mechanical ve	entilation and local exhaust will reduce exposure via the air. Use oil resistant material in	
Appropriate engineering Controls	construction o	f handling equipment. Store under recommended conditions and if heated, temperature control	
	equipment should be used to avoid overheating.		
Individual protection measures			
Hygiene measures	•	orearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products,	
	-	smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash	
Eye/face protection		fety showers are close to the workstation location. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.	
Skin protection Recommended: Safety glasses with side shields.		, .	
	4 - 8 hours (br	eakthrough time): nitrile rubber	



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Hand protection	Wear protective clothing if there is a risk of skin contact. Change contaminated clothes at the end of working
Body protection	shift.
	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being
Other skin protection	performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and
Respiratory protection	the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying
	with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the
Environmental exposure controls	requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering
	modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid
Color	Colurlees to Light yellow
Odor	Odorless
Odour threshold	Not available
рН	Not applicable
Melting point/Pour point	< -10°C (ASTM D-97)
Flash point	> 135°C Pensky-Mertens (ASTM D 93)
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available
Flammability limits in air,	Not available
lower, % by volume	
Flammability limits in air,	Not available
upper, % by volume	
Vapour pressure	Not available
Density	0.910 max at 15°C
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Insoluble in water
Partition coefficient	Not available
(n-octanol/water)	
Decomposition temperature	No Data
Auto-ignition temperature	> 250°C
Viscosity, Kinematic at 40°C (104°F)	0.08 cm ² /s to 0.12 cm ² /s (8.00 to 12.00 cSt)
Explosive properties	No Data
Oxidising properties	No Data
DMSO extractable compounds for base oil	< 3%
substance(s) according to IP346	

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REA	CTIVITY
10.1 Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions
10.3 Possibility of hazardous Reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	Oxidising agent.
10.5 Incompatible materials	Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, H2S, SOx (sulfur oxides) or sulfuric acid and unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute	toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillate (petroleum),hydrotreated light	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.53 mg/l	4 hours
paraffinic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Distillate (petroleum), hydrotreated Heavy	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	> 2.18 mg/l	4 hours
paraffinic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-



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2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	>5000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg	-
Irritation/Corrosion				·

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Irritation/Corrosion	
Skin	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Eye	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Respiratory	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Sensitisation</u>	
Skin	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Respiratory	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or

genotoxic. SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Carcinogenicity	The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate. The product should not be
	regarded as a carcinogen.
Reproductive toxicity	Contains no ingredient listed as toxic to reproduction.
Specific target organ toxicity	Not classified
- single exposure	
Specific target organ toxicity	Not classified
- repeated exposure	
Aspiration hazard	Aspiration hazard - Category 1
Information on likely routes of exposure	Not available.
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	Eye contact may cause redness and transient pain.
Inhalation	Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Potential chronic health effects	
General	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	The base oil(s) in this product is based on an severely hydrotreated distillate. The product should not be
	regarded as a carcinogen.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Product/ingredient name	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	Not available.
Specific hazard	
Endocrine disrupting properties	Not listed
SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFOR	MATION
12.1 Toxicity	Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.
12.2 Persistence and degradability	Inherently biodegradable.
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water solubility of this product.
12.4 Mobility in soil	Not considered mobile.
12.5 Results of PBT & vPvB Assessment	Not applicable.
12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties	Not listed
12.6 Other adverse effects	Insoluble in water. Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms.
	Oxygen transfer could also be impaired.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).



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13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u> Methods of disposal

Where possible (e.g. in the absence of relevant contamination), recycling of used substance is feasible and recommended. This substance can be burned or incinerated, subject to national/local authorizations, relevant contamination limits, safety regulations and air quality legislation. Contaminated or waste substance (not directly recyclable): Disposal can be carried out directly, or by delivery to qualified waste handlers. National legislation may identify a specific organization, and/or prescribe composition limits and methods for recovery or disposal.

Yes

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

European waste catalogue (EWC)	
Waste code	Waste designation
13 03 07*	mineral-based non-chlorinated insulating and heat transmission oils
Packaging	

<u>Packaging</u> Methods of disposal

Hazardous waste

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International transport regulations

	ADR/ RID	ADN	IMO/IMDG Classification	ICAO/IATA Classification
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No	No	No	No
Additional information	-	-	-	-

 14.6 Special precautions for User
 Transport within the user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that the persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Oils

Annex I of MARPOL 73/78 and the

IBC Code

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation	specific for the substance or mixture			
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization				
Annex XIV	None of the components are listed.			
Substances of very high concern	None of the components are listed.			
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and	Not applicable.			
use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles				
Other EU regulations				
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	Not listed			
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) -Water	Not listed			
Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)	Not listed			
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)	Not listed			
Persistent Organic Pollutants	Not listed			
Seveso Directive	This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.			
National regulations				
International regulations				
Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals	Not listed			
Montreal Protocol	Not listed			
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutant	Not listed			
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)	Not listed			
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals	Not listed			





Safety Data Sheet Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878.

National Inventory	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION	
Revision comments	Not available.
Legend to abbreviations	
ADR	European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road.
RID	Regulations agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by rail.
IMDG – CODE	International maritime dangerous goods code.
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization.
IATA	International air transport association.
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008].
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus.
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC)
	No. 1907/2006].
LC 50	Median lethal concentration.
LD 50	Median lethal dose.
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic.
Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]	
Classification	Justification

Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Calculation method	
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	1 st January 2024	
Date of previous issue	1 st October 2020.	
Version	03	
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Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.