Apar Industries Limited

Poweroil Pearl HN 500

**Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product Name</th>
<th>: POWEROIL PEARL HN 500</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturer</td>
<td>Apar Industries Limited, 18 T.T.C M.I.D.C Indl. Area, Rabale, Navi Mumbai, Thane Belapur Road, Thane – 400701, India.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Company Contact</td>
<td>Phone Number: + 91 - 22 - 27694756 / 27694757</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS</td>
<td>Apar Industries Limited : + 91 - 0 - 9833811132</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Potential Health Effects**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Primary Entry Route</th>
<th>Inhalation</th>
<th>Eye</th>
<th>Skin</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inhalation of vapors or mist may be irritating to respiratory passages. Prolonged exposure may result in dizziness and nausea. Target Organ for mineral oil mist is lungs.</td>
<td>Eye contact may result in slight irritation and redness.</td>
<td>Short term contact with skin is unlikely to cause any problems; excessive or prolonged and repeated contact and poor hygiene conditions many result in dryness, dermatitis, oil acne, cracking and defatting of the skin. Personnel with pre-existing skin disorders should avoid contact with this product.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Carcinogenicity**

Based on OSHA 1910.1200 and IARC study requirements, this product does not require labeling. Meets EU requirement of less than 3% (w/w) DMSO extract for total polycyclic compound (PAC) using IP-346.

NTP and OSHA do not list this product as a potential carcinogen.

May result in nausea or stomach discomfort.

**Section 3 - Composition And Information On Hazardous Ingredients**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>EC No.</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>R 50/53</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates, Severely Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic Oil.</td>
<td>64742-52-5</td>
<td>265-155-0</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Section 4 - First Aid Measures**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Primary Entry Route</th>
<th>Inhalation</th>
<th>Ingestion</th>
<th>Skin contact</th>
<th>Eye contact</th>
<th>Protection of first-aiders</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Move exposed person to fresh air. Inhalation of vapours and/or mists might irritate respiratory tract. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.</td>
<td>Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.</td>
<td>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.</td>
<td>Check for and remove any contact lenses immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 5 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.</td>
<td>No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures**

Suitable: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Not suitable: Do not use water jet.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighter should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
## Section 6 - Accidental release Measures

### Personal precautions
- No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Put on appropriate personal protection equipment (see section 8).

### Environmental precautions
- Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas.
- Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Small spill
- Smaller spillage can be wiped up with paper cloths.

#### Large spill
- Stop leak if without risk. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. (see section 13)

## Section 7 - Handling and Storage

### Handling
- Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).
- Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Wash hands after handling. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. If handled at elevated temperatures or with high speed mechanicals equipment, vapour or mists might be released and require a well ventilated workplace.

### Storage
- Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink.

## Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

### Recommended monitoring procedures
- If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

### Occupational exposure controls
- Mechanical ventilation and local exhaust will reduce exposure via the air. Use oil resistant material in construction of handling equipment. Store under recommended conditions and if heated, temperature control equipment should be used to avoid overheating.

### Hygiene measures
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.

### Respiratory protection
- If the product is heated under manual handling, use suitable mask with filter A1P2 or A2P2. Handling in automatic production lines, with exhaust or ventilation, will not require mask.

### Hand protection
- Wear oil-resistant protective gloves (e.g. nitril rubber), neoprene PVC

### Eye protection
- If potential exists for splashing, use goggles.

### Skin protection
- Wear protection clothing if there is a risk of skin contact. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
## Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General information</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Appearance</strong></td>
<td>: Liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Color</strong></td>
<td>: Water White</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Odor</strong></td>
<td>: Mild Petroleum odour</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Important health, safety and environmental information**

| **Boiling point** | : > 320°C |
| **Melting point/Pour point** | : < -15°C |
| **Flash point** | : Open cup : > 210°C |
| **Solubility** | : Insoluble in water |
| **Viscosity** | : Kinematic (40°C) : 90 - 110 |
| **Density** | : 0.890 at 15°C (Typical) |
| **DMSO extractible compound for base oil substance according to IP-346** | < 3 % |
| **Auto-ignition temperature** | : > 310°C |

## Section 10 - Stability and reactivity

**Chemical Stability** : Stable under normal conditions

**Conditions to avoid** : Oxidising agent

**Hazardous decomposition product** : This may result in the evolution of harmful and flammable gases or vapours

**Material to avoid** : No specific data

**Hazardous decomposition product** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11 - Toxicological Information

**Potential acute health effects**

**Acute toxicity** : Low acute toxicity

**Ingestion** : Ingestion may cause nausea and eventually vomiting and diarrhoea

**Inhalation** : Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin** : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

**Eye** : Eye contact may redness and transient pain

**Potential chronic health effects**

**Chronic effects** : Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory.

## Section 12 - Ecological Information

**Ecotoxicity** : Aquatic toxicity data on base oils indicates LC50 values of >1000mg/l, which is considered as low toxicity.

**Mobility** : Low mobility due to low water solubility and high viscosity.

**Persistence/degradability** : Inherently biodegradable.

**Bioaccumulative potential** : Model suggest that petroleum oils may bio-accumulate but the bioavailability limitations may reduce this potential.

**Other adverse effects** : Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms. Oxygen transfer could also be impaired.
Apar Industries Limited

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Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.
Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues.
This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.
Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Disposal of this product, solutions and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Section 14 - Transport Information

International transport regulations
This product is not regulated for carriage according to ADR/RID, IMDG, ICAO/IATA.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

EC No. : See section-3
Risk Phrases (EU Classification) : None
Symbols (EU Classification) : None
Safety Phrases (EU Classification) : None

Section 16 - Other Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazard Rating</th>
<th>NFPA/HMIS Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 = Least</td>
<td>Health = 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 = Slight</td>
<td>Fire = 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 = Moderate</td>
<td>Reactivity = 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 = High</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>4 = Extreme</td>
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</table>

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